

Paper-VII - Immunology

I Learning objectives:

- 1) Acquainting Student with immunological techniques via theory taught in the class room.
- 2) ~~Inter~~ To trace the history & development of Immunology.
- 3) To provide students with a foundation in immunological process.
- 4) Understand the significance of the Major histocompatibility complex in terms of immune response and Transplantation.

II Course outcomes (Theory)

- 1) To get the knowledge of organs of immune system, types of immunity and cells of immunity.
- 2) To provide basic knowledge about immune system & allows the Student to create insight as how to improve their immune System & health.
- 3) Major histo compatibility complex & their response in the body.
- 4) To understand the types of allergies, autoimmune diseases & transplantation immunology.

Practical:

- 1) Identification of blood grouping & blood analysis.
- 2) Students know the histological study of cells.
- 3) Interconnect the theoretical and practical knowledge of immunity with the outer world for the development of healthier life.

C. Mohan

Varun

Semester-IV - Paper V - Immunology & Animal
Biotechnology

I Learning objectives:

- 1) To trace the history & development of Immunology and able to compare & contrast the innate versus adaptive immune systems and humoral versus cell-mediated immune responses.
- 2) To provide knowledge on animal cell and tissue culture & their preservation.
- 3) To empower students with latest technology techniques like stem cell technology, genetic engineering, hybridoma in medicine and industry and their application in organisms.

II Course outcomes: (Theory):

- 1) Interactions of antigens, antibodies and other immune components.
- 2) Understanding of immune mechanism in disease control, Vaccination & process of immune interaction.
- 3) Imparts knowledge to culture animal cells in artificial media.
- 4) Use of recombinant manipulation & in a variety of industrial processes.
- 5) Identifying the blood grouping & blood analysis.
- 6) Promoting application of lab techniques for taking up research in higher studies.

C. Venkatesh

lauF

Semester-III - Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology & Evolution

I Learning objectives:

- 1) To understand the role of different cell organelles in maintenance of life activities.
- 2) To enable the Students distinguish between polygenic, sex-linked, gene interactions, multiple allelic modes of inheritance.
- 3) To acquaint Student with basic concepts of molecular biology as to how characters are expressed with a Coordinated functioning of replication, transcription and translation in living beings.
- A) To provide knowledge on origin of life, theories and forces of evolution.

II Course outcomes : (Theory):

- 1) To understand Structure & functional aspects of basic unit of life i.e., cell concepts.
- 2) To understand Concept behind genetic disorder, gene mutations, Various causes associated with inborn errors of metabolism.
- 3) To understand application of DNA & molecular biology for research.
- 4) To know the knowledge of evolution & Species Variation.

Practical :

- 1) Ability to observe on human karyotyping and chromosomal arrangement during cell division.
- 2) Develop skill in simple biochemical laboratory procedures.
- 3) To identify the contributions of Various evolutionists.

LAW

Semester-IV - Animal Physiology, Cellular metabolism
and Embryology

I Learning objectives:

- 1) To achieve a thorough understanding of various aspects of physiological systems
- 2) To provide insightful knowledge on the structure and classification of Carbohydrates, Proteins, Lipids & enzymes.
- 3) To understand the disorders associated with the deficiency of hormones.

II Course outcomes: (theory):

- 1) Students gain fundamental knowledge of animal physiology
- 2) Students will gain skill to execute the role of a biology teacher as they have basic fundamentals.
- 3) Students gain knowledge about metabolism of protein, carbohydrates & lipids for the release of energy
- 4) Gains knowledge about gametogenesis, cleavage, types of eggs & gastrulation process.

Practical:

- 1) Identification of an organ system with histological structure
- 2) Identification of Various biomolecules of tissues by simple colorimetric method & also quantitative methods
- 3) Identification of different stages of early embryonic development in animals.

C. Murali

10/10

Course Objectives & outcomes

Semester-I

Paper I - Animal diversity- Non-Chordata

I Learning objectives:

- 1) To understand the taxonomic position of protozoa to Hemichordata
- 2) To understand the general characteristics of animals belonging to protozoa to Hemichordata.
- 3) To understand the origin & evolutionary relationship of different phylum from protozoa to Hemichordata.

II Course outcomes: (Theory)

- 1) Students gain knowledge & skill in the fundamental of animal Kingdom.
- 2) understand the general taxonomic rules on animal classification.
- 3) classify Phylum protozoa to Hemichordata with examples from parasitic adaptation & Vermicompost.
- 4) The students will equipped to become very competent in research or teaching field after completion of this course.

Practicals:

- 1) To understand the importance of preservation of museum Specimens & identify animals based on special identifying characters.
- 2) To understand different organ System through demo (or) Virtual dissection.
- 3) To maintain a neat, labelled record of identified museum specimens.

C. Murali

W.M.
20/9/22

Semester - II
Paper - II - Animal diversity - chordata

I Learning objectives:

- 1) Imparts conceptual knowledge of vertebrates, their adaptations and association in relation to their environment.
- 2) To understand the Animal Kingdom.
- 3) To understand the body organization of chordata.
- 4) To understand the taxonomic position of Protochordata to Mammalia.

II Course outcomes (Theory)

- 1) Classify Protochordata to Mammalia with taxonomic keys.
- 2) Students Know complex Vertebrate interactions.
- 3) Understand the Significance of dentition & evolution, Significance.
- 4) understand the origin & evolutionary relationship of different Phylum from Protochordata to Mammalia.

Practical:

- 1) To understand the taxonomic and other methods of preservation of chordates & identify chordates based on special identifying characters.
- 2) Experience in anatomy through simple dissections and to maintain a neat, labelled record of identified museum specimens.
- 3) Ability to love and understand the fascinating World of Vertebrates & Invertebrates.

C. Mohan

16/9/22